ICOS INTEGRA CARBON OBSERVA SYSTEM

ECOSYSTEM STATION

Name: Location (lat-long):

Environment: Operational history: Scientific purpose:

Station description:

Borgo Cioffi (IT-BCi) Sele Plain, Southern Italy, 5 Km from the sea, 40.5238 - 14.9574, 15 m a.s.l. Mediterranean 2001 – present. To understand how agricultural practices and climate influence GHGs budgets The IT-BCi station is located in a 15 ha field irrigated by means of a centre pivot system. Main cultivated species are corn and alfalfa, along with some winter grass crops, for fresh animal consumption, silage or haying. The eddy covariance and the meteo stations were setup approximately in the centre of the field, which has a rectangular shape with dimensions of 300m × 600 m. The fetch in the prevailing wind directions, southwest and northeast (breeze regime), is about 200 m. The terrain is flat

The mean annual air temperature is 18 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$, with mean maximum up to 30 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ in the summer, and the annual precipitation is 600 mm.

with a gentle slope of approximately 2% toward south

The parent material of the soil (sandy-clay type) at the site is carbonate, but most of the material has an alluvial origin, deriving from nearby Sele River. Stones on the surfaces are present in patchy areas, almost absent in others.

Measured ICOS core parameters: CO₂, H₂O and H fluxes (eddy covariance), Air H₂O and CO₂ concentrations, Air Temperature and RH, Incoming, Outgoing and Net SW and LW radiations, Incoming and Outgoing PPFD, Diffuse SW radiation, Soil Heat flux, Rain precipitation, Soil Water Content profile, Soil Temperature profile, Air Pressure.

Infrared surface temperature

National Research Council of Italy

Vincenza Magliulo (<u>enzo.magliulo@cnr.it</u>) Paul Di Tommasi (<u>p.ditommasi@cnr.it</u>)

Other measured parameters:

Responsible organization:

Principal investigator:

Data manager:

Funding:

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Soil preparation during intercrop.



The Lolium italicum winter crop.





The CO₂ automatic chamber system during early corn crop development.







